## Homework 12, due November 28

1. Recall that $\underline{A}$ is positive if $\vec{v} \cdot \underline{A} \vec{v} \geq 0, \quad \forall \vec{v}$.
(a) Prove that every positive operator in a [finite-dimensional] complex inner-product space is Hermitian.
(b) Give a counterexample for real inner-product spaces. Hint: Find a nonsymmetric $2 \times 2$ matrix $A$ for which $\vec{v} \cdot A \vec{v}$ is a square for all $\vec{v} \in \mathbf{R}^{2}$.
2. Prove the polar decomposition theorem for the case where $\underline{A}$ is not invertible:
(a) Show that $\operatorname{ker}\left(\underline{A}^{*} \underline{A}\right)=\operatorname{ker} \underline{A}$.
(b) Use this fact to construct a suitable $\underline{U}$ for this case. ( $\underline{U}$ will not be unique.) Hint: Define $\underline{U}$ on $(\operatorname{ker} \underline{A})^{\perp}$ (using the spectral theorem to construct a substitute for $\left.\left(\underline{A}^{*} \underline{A}\right)^{-\frac{1}{2}}\right)$ and on ker $A$ separately.
3. Why is Sylvester's formula not correct when $\underline{A}$ has a nondiagonal Jordan canonical form? Hint: Use formula (\#).
